

Climate change and the effects of dengue upon Australia: An analysis of health impacts and costs

Author(s): Newth D, Gunasekera D

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Abstract:

Projected regional warming and climate change analysis and health impact studies suggest that Australia is potentially vulnerable to increased occurrence of vector borne diseases such as dengue fever. Expansion of the dengue fever host, Aedes aegypti could potentially pose a significant public health risk. To manage such health risks, there is a growing need to focus on adaptive risk management strategies. In this paper, we combine analyses from climate, biophysical and economic models with a high resolution population model for disease spread, the EpiCast model to analyse the health impacts and costs of spread of dengue fever. We demonstrate the applicability of EpiCast as a decision support tool to evaluate mitigation strategies to manage the public health risks associated with shifts in the distribution of dengue fever in Australia.

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Resource Description

Climate Scenario: M

specification of climate scenario (set of assumptions about future states related to climate)

Other Climate Scenario

Other Climate Scenario: SRES A1B; author defined scenarios

Early Warning System:

resource focus on systems used to warn populations of high temperatures, extreme weather, or other elements of climate change to prevent harm to health

A focus of content

Exposure: M

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

Ecosystem Changes, Temperature

Temperature: Fluctuations

Geographic Feature: M

Climate Change and Human Health Literature Portal resource focuses on specific type of geography None or Unspecified Geographic Location: M resource focuses on specific location Non-United States Non-United States: Australasia Health Impact: M specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure Infectious Disease Infectious Disease: Vectorborne Disease Vectorborne Disease: Mosquito-borne Disease Mosquito-borne Disease: Dengue Intervention: M strategy to prepare for or reduce the impact of climate change on health A focus of content Mitigation/Adaptation: **№** mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource Adaptation Model/Methodology: **№** type of model used or methodology development is a focus of resource Cost/Economic, Methodology, Outcome Change Prediction Resource Type: M format or standard characteristic of resource Research Article

Timescale: M

time period studied

Short-Term (

Vulnerability/Impact Assessment:

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resource focus on process of identifying, quantifying, and prioritizing vulnerabilities in a system

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